

United States Department of Agriculture

BUREAU OF ANIMAL INDUSTRY

AMENDMENT 3 TO B. A. I. ORDER 341. REGULATIONS GOVERNING THE SANITARY HANDLING AND CONTROL OF HIDES, SKINS, FLESHINGS, HIDE CUTTINGS, PARINGS, GLUE STOCK, HAIR, WOOL, AND OTHER ANIMAL BYPRODUCTS, AND HAY AND STRAW OFFERED FOR ENTRY INTO THE UNITED STATES. REVOKING AMENDMENT 2 AND AMENDING REGULATIONS 6 AND 16

WASHINGTON, D. C., *December 31, 1934.*

Under authority of the act of Congress approved February 2, 1903 (U. S. C. title 21, sec. 111), Amendment 2 to B. A. I. Order 341, issued November 13, 1934, is hereby revoked, effective February 1, 1935, and the regulations governing the sanitary handling and control of hides, skins, fleshings, hide cuttings, parings, glue stock, hair, wool, and other animal byproducts, and hay and straw offered for entry into the United States (B. A. I. Order 341), issued September 27, 1933, effective February 1, 1934, are hereby amended as hereinafter set forth.

Regulation 6 is amended, effective March 1, 1935, to read as follows:

Regulation 6.—Wool, Hair, and Bristles

SECTION 1. Wool, mohair, horsehair, cattle hair, camel hair, goat hair, hog hair, and hog bristles which do not meet the conditions or requirements specified in any one of paragraphs (a) to (g) following shall not be imported into the United States except subject to handling and treatment in accordance with section 2 of this regulation after their arrival at the port of entry: *Provided, however,* That no bloodstained wool, hair, or bristles shall be imported under any condition:

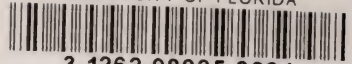
(a) Wool or hair clipped from live animals may be imported without other restriction if accompanied by a certificate signed by a consular officer showing that the wool or hair covered by the invoice specified in said certificate was taken from animals in a section of the country in which, to the best of his knowledge and belief, anthrax is not prevalent and neither foot-and-mouth disease nor rinderpest exists;

(b) Wool or hair clipped from live animals, or pulled wool or hair, may be imported without other restrictions, provided that said wool or hair is reasonably free from dung locks;¹

(c) Pulled wool from sheep and pulled mohair from goats, or hair taken from cattle, or hair or bristles from swine, when such animals have been slaughtered under national government inspection in a country² and in an abattoir in which is maintained an inspection service found by the Secretary of Agriculture to be adequate to assure that such materials have been removed from animals found at time of slaughter to be free from anthrax, foot-and-mouth disease, and rinderpest, and that the identity of such materials has been maintained until they are loaded upon the transporting vessel, may be imported without other restriction if accompanied by a certificate bearing the seal of the

¹ It is immaterial whether the wool was originally free of dung locks or has been rendered free of same by hand-shaking, skirting, machining, washing, or any other method.

² See footnote 1 of B. A. I. Order 341.



proper department of said national government and signed by an official veterinary inspector of such country showing that the therein-described wool, hair, or bristles were taken from animals slaughtered in such specified abattoir and found free from anthrax, foot-and-mouth disease, and rinderpest:

(d) Scoured wool or mohair (including carbonized wool, wool waste, laps, noils, and tops) may be imported without other restriction if shown to have reached the stage of preparation for immediate manufacture into yarn, textiles, or other finished products:

(e) Hair and bristles which have been washed and thoroughly cleaned, and fully bleached or dyed hair or bristles, may be imported without other restrictions;

(f) Wool, hair, or bristles from a disinfecting station of a national government, methods of disinfection at which have been approved by the Secretary of Agriculture, may be imported without other restriction, if accompanied by a certificate of the director or other accredited official of such station showing that said wool, hair, or bristles covered by the consular invoice specified in said certificate have been subjected to the scouring and disinfecting process required at such station for the disinfection of wool or hair;

(g) Unprocessed hog hair or bristles may be imported without other restriction if originating in and shipped directly from a country not declared by the Secretary of Agriculture to be infected with foot-and-mouth disease or rinderpest.

SEC. 2. Wool, hair, and bristles offered for importation into the United States which have not met the conditions or requirements of section 1 of this regulation shall be handled and treated in the following manner after arrival at the port of entry:

(1) Such wool, hair, or bristles shall be consigned from the coast or border port of arrival to an establishment which has been approved by the Chief of Bureau for the receipt and handling of such materials: *Provided, however*, That upon special permission by the Chief of Bureau such wool, hair, or bristles may be stored for a temporary period in approved warehouses under bond and under the supervision of an inspector: *And provided further*, That I. T. or in-bond shipments of wool, hair, or bristles may go forward under customs seals from a coast or border port of arrival, with the approval of an inspector at said port, to another port in the United States for consumption entry, subject to the other provisions of this section;

(2) Such wool, hair, or bristles shall be moved from the coast or border port of arrival, or in case of I. T. or in-bond shipments, mentioned in paragraph 1 of this section, from the interior port to the establishment, in cars or trucks or, when specially permitted by the Bureau, in vessel compartments, with no other materials contained therein, sealed with seals of the Department which shall not be broken except by Bureau inspectors or other persons authorized by the Chief of Bureau so to do, or without sealing as aforesaid, and with other freight, when packed in tight cases acceptable to an inspector; and

(3) Such wool, hair, or bristles shall be handled at the establishment under the direction of an inspector in a manner approved by the Chief of Bureau to guard against the dissemination of foot-and-mouth disease, anthrax, and rinderpest.

Regulation 16 is amended, effective February 1, 1935, by adding the following paragraph (c) to section 1 thereof:

(c) Hay or straw for use as feeding materials, bedding, or other similar purposes may be imported without other restriction if accompanied by a certificate signed by a consular officer showing that the hay or straw covered by the invoice specified in said certificate was produced in a section of the country of origin in which to the best of his knowledge and belief neither foot-and-mouth disease nor rinderpest exists.

This amendment is designated as Amendment 3 to B. A. I. Order 341.



Done at Washington, D. C., this 31st day of December, 1934.

Witness my hand and the seal of the Department of Agriculture.

R. G. TUGWELL,
Acting Secretary of Agriculture.